

tail inequality

Markov

הסתברות

$\mu, X \geq 0$

$$P(X \geq A) \leq \frac{E(X)}{A}$$

$$E(X) = \sum_k P(X=k) \cdot k$$

הסתברות

$\geq A \cdot P(X \geq A)$   
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Chebyshev

הסתברות

$\mu = E(X)$

הסתברות

$$P(|X - \mu| \geq A) \leq \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{A^2}$$

$$P(|X - \mu| \geq A) \leq P(|X - \mu|^2 \geq A^2) \leq \frac{E(|X - \mu|^2)}{A^2} = \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{A^2}$$

הסתברות

(הסתברות) ,  $X_1, \dots, X_n$

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i, \quad P(X_i = 1) = p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(X \geq \frac{2}{3}n) \leq \frac{E(X)}{\frac{2}{3}n} = \frac{\frac{2}{3}n}{\frac{2}{3}n} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(X = n) = \frac{1}{2}$$

	$X_1$	$X_2$
$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0
$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1

Chap  $\Rightarrow$   $V_1 = X_n$  n'j  $\rightarrow$   $p/k$

$\text{Var}(X) = \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(X_i) = n \cdot p(1-p) = \frac{n}{4}$  j/k

$\downarrow$   
Chap

$P\left(\left|X - \frac{n}{2}\right| \geq \frac{n}{6}\right) \leq \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{\left(\frac{n}{6}\right)^2} = \frac{\frac{n}{4}}{\frac{n^2}{36}} = \frac{9}{n}$  j/k

$\text{Var}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E((X - E(X))^2) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2$  j/k

$\text{Var}(X) = p(1-p)$  j/k,  $P(X) = 1$ ,  $j/n = X$  p/k .2

Chap  $\Rightarrow$   $X_1 \sim X_n$  p/k .3

$\text{Var}(\sum X_i) = \sum \text{Var}(X_i)$

Chap  $k$ ,  $k$ -wise-ind v'ona  $\Rightarrow$   $X_1, \dots, X_n$  j/k

$\mu = E(X)$ ,  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$  j/k

$P(|X - \mu| \geq A) \leq \frac{E(|X - \mu|^k)}{A^k} \leq \left(\frac{k \mu}{A}\right)^{k/2} \cdot \frac{1}{A^k}$  j/k

$\leq \frac{3n^2}{A^4}$  k=4 j/k

! (n) p<sub>1</sub> - k yf cov n p n

$P_r(X_i=1) = p_i$

$X_1, \dots, X_n$   
 $\dots$

$\mu = E(X) = \sum p_i, \quad X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$

$P_r(X < (1-\delta)\mu) \leq \left( \frac{e^{-\delta\mu}}{(1-\delta)^{\delta\mu}} \right)^\mu \leq e^{-\mu\delta^2/2}$

$P_r(X < (1-\delta)\mu) = P_r(e^{-tX} > e^{-t(1-\delta)\mu}) \leq \frac{E(e^{-tX})}{e^{-t(1-\delta)\mu}}$

$E(e^{-tX}) = E(e^{-t\sum X_i}) = E(\prod_{i=1}^n e^{-tX_i}) = \prod_{i=1}^n E(e^{-tX_i}) = \prod_{i=1}^n (p_i e^{-t} + (1-p_i))$

$\prod_{i=1}^n (1 - p_i(1 - e^{-t})) < \prod_{i=1}^n e^{-p_i(1 - e^{-t})} = e^{-(1 - e^{-t})\sum p_i} = e^{-(1 - e^{-t})\mu}$

$P_r(X < (1-\delta)\mu) \leq \frac{e^{-(1 - e^{-t})\mu}}{e^{-t(1-\delta)\mu}} = e^{\mu[t(1-\delta) - (1 - e^{-t})]}$

$t = \ln \frac{1}{1-\delta}$

$\leq e^{\mu \left[ (1-\delta) - 1 + \frac{1}{1-\delta} \right]} = \left[ \frac{e^{-\delta}}{1-\delta} \right]^\mu$

$e^{-\delta} = (1-\delta) e^{\ln \frac{1}{1-\delta} - \delta} = \frac{1}{1-\delta}$

$$\Pr(X > (1+\delta)\mu) < \left(\frac{e^\delta}{(1+\delta)^{1+\delta}}\right)^\mu$$

1/221

$$1+\delta > 2e^{-\delta}$$

$$\delta > 2e^{-1}$$

1/221

$$e \approx 2.7$$

$$\Pr(X > (1+\delta)\mu) \leq 2^{-\delta\mu}$$

Pr(X)

$$\Pr(X \geq (1+\delta)\mu) \leq e^{-\mu\frac{\delta^2}{4}}$$

3/22

Pr(2e-1)

$$\Pr(|X - \mu| \geq \delta\mu) \leq e^{-\mu\frac{\delta^2}{4}}$$

3/22

$0 \leq X_i \leq 1$  i.i.d.  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  i.i.d. BC

dis k k-wise ind

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \quad \mu = E(X), \quad \mu_i = E(X_i)$$

$$P^r \left[ \left| \sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \mu \right| \geq \varepsilon \mu \right] \leq \left( \frac{k^2}{4\varepsilon^2} \cdot \frac{n}{\mu^2} \right)^{k/2}$$

$$P^r \left[ \left| \sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \mu \right| \geq \frac{A}{\mu} \right] = P^r \left( \left( \sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \mu \right)^k \geq A^k \right) \leq \frac{E \left( \left( \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu_i) \right)^k \right)}{A^k} \quad \text{Markov}$$

$$E \left( \left( \sum_{i=1}^n Z_i \right)^k \right)$$

$$Z_i = X_i - \mu_i \quad \mu_i = 0$$

$$= \sum_{i_1, \dots, i_k=1}^n E(Z_{i_1} \dots Z_{i_k})$$

$$Z_{i_1} \dots Z_{i_k} \quad \text{Markov}$$

$$Z_1^{m_1} \dots Z_n^{m_n} \quad \text{Markov}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n m_i = k, \quad \text{etc } 0 \leq m_i \quad \text{etc}$$

$$m_i = 1 \quad \text{etc } \Rightarrow \text{Markov}$$

$$E(Z_1^{m_1} \dots Z_n^{m_n}) = \underbrace{E(Z_i^{m_i})}_{=0} \cdot E(\dots) = 0$$

Markov so pr. with  $\varepsilon$   
k-wise ind  $\Rightarrow$  Markov

Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d.  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

Find  $P(|\bar{X} - \mu| \leq \epsilon)$

for  $\epsilon > 0$

By CLT,  $\bar{X} \approx N(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n})$

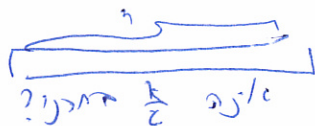
$1 - \frac{\epsilon}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \leq Z \leq \frac{\epsilon}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$

$$1 - \frac{\epsilon}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \leq Z$$

$$Z \leq \frac{\epsilon}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$$

$$P\left(-\frac{\epsilon}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \leq Z \leq \frac{\epsilon}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}\right) \leq 1$$

Find  $P(|\bar{X} - \mu| \leq \epsilon)$



$1 - \frac{k}{2} \leq Z \leq \frac{k}{2}$

for  $\frac{k}{2} \leq Z \leq \frac{k}{2}$

$$P\left(\frac{k}{2} \leq Z \leq \frac{k}{2}\right)$$

$$P\left(\frac{k}{2} \leq Z \leq \frac{k}{2}\right) \leq n^{-k/2}$$

$$\leq \frac{n^{-k/2} \cdot \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^k}{(\epsilon \sigma)^k} = \left[ \frac{k^k}{4 \epsilon^2 \sigma^2} \right]^{k/2}$$

# The sampling problem

הבעיה - הניסוי

(  $\Sigma = \{0,1\}^n$  )  $\rightarrow$   $\Sigma$  פרמטרים  $\mu$

$A \subseteq \Sigma$  קבוצת

$$P(A) = \frac{|A|}{|\Sigma|}$$

הסתברות של  $A$  היא  $P(A)$

$\epsilon$  - אילוץ  $\delta$  - אילוץ

$1 - \delta \leq \mu(A) \leq 1 + \delta$

$$P\left( \left| \frac{\mu(A)}{n} - P(A) \right| \geq \epsilon \right) \leq \delta$$

ניסוי

0.01 -  $n$

0.5 -  $\mu$

הבעיה היא

הסתברות של  $A$  היא  $P(A)$

הבעיה היא  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$

0.01 -  $n$

0.5 -  $\mu$

: 1 line 3

$a_1, \dots, a_T \in \mathbb{R}^{T \times 1}$  נתון

$i=1, \dots, T$        $a_i \in \mathbb{R}$        $\mathbb{R}$

הפרק  $\mu$  של  $x_i$  ושל  $\mu$

...  $x_i$  ...  $\mu$  ...  $x_i=1$        $\mu$

הפרק של  $\mu$

$$Pr \left( \left| \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=1}^T X_i - \mu \right| \geq \epsilon \right) = Pr \left( \left| \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=1}^T X_i - \mu \right| \geq \frac{\epsilon}{\mu} \cdot \mu \right) \leq 2^{-\frac{\epsilon^2 T}{4\mu^2}}$$

מכאן)       $\mu$        $\mu$        $T = O\left(\frac{\log T}{\epsilon^2}\right)$

$$T \cdot \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} = O\left(\frac{n \cdot \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

:  $\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$        $\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$

$$T = O\left(\frac{\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

:  $\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$        $\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$

הפרק של  $\mu$  (הפרק של  $\mu$ )      הפרק של  $\mu$       הפרק של  $\mu$



: a knob

$T \leq 2^n$ , p.i.i.  $X_i \in \Sigma = \{0,1\}^n$   $X_1, \dots, X_T$  i.i.d.  
 $\frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=1}^T X_i$   $X_i \in A$   $P(A)$

$$P\left(\left|\frac{1}{T} \sum X_i - P(A)\right| \geq \epsilon\right) \leq \frac{V\left(\frac{1}{T} \sum X_i\right)}{\epsilon^2} = \frac{\text{Var}(X_i)}{\epsilon^2 T} = \frac{P(A)(1-P(A))}{\epsilon^2 T} \leq \frac{1}{\epsilon^2 T} = \gamma$$

$$\boxed{T = \frac{1}{\epsilon^2 \gamma}}$$

analysis  $O(n \log T) = O\left(n \log \frac{1}{\epsilon^2 \gamma}\right)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   
 $T = O\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2 \gamma}\right)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$

	$\rightarrow$ $O(n)$	$\rightarrow$ $O(n)$
analysis	$O\left(\frac{n \log T}{\epsilon^2}\right)$	$O\left(\frac{\log T}{\epsilon^2}\right)$
p.i.i.	$O\left(n \log \frac{1}{\epsilon^2 \gamma}\right)$	$O\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2 \gamma}\right)$

$\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2 \gamma}\right)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   
 $O\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\right)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   
 $O\left(n \log \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\right)$   $\rightarrow$   $O\left(\frac{n}{\epsilon^2}\right)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$

k-wise ind.  $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$   $\rightarrow$   $O(n)$

Deterministic amplification BPP  $\rightarrow$   $\epsilon$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$

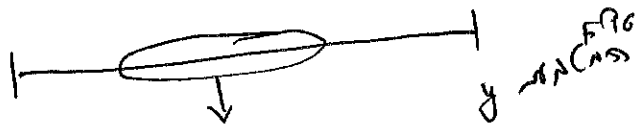
BPP  $(\frac{1}{2}-\epsilon, \frac{1}{2}+\epsilon)$   $\rightarrow$   $\epsilon$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$

$f(x) = \Pr[M(x,y)=1]$   $\rightarrow$   $\epsilon$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$   $\rightarrow$  BPP  $(\frac{1}{2}-\epsilon, \frac{1}{2}+\epsilon)$

$x \in L \Rightarrow \Pr[M(x,y)=1] \geq \frac{1}{2} + \epsilon$

$x \notin L \Rightarrow \Pr[M(x,y)=1] \leq \frac{1}{2} - \epsilon$

{ :  $x$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$



$M(x,y)=1 \rightarrow y \in C$

$\Pr[M(x,y)=1] \geq \frac{1}{2} + \epsilon \rightarrow \Pr[y \in C] \geq \frac{1}{2} + \epsilon$

$\Pr[M(x,y)=1] \leq \frac{1}{2} - \epsilon \rightarrow \Pr[y \in C] \leq \frac{1}{2} - \epsilon$

$\delta$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$   $\rightarrow$   $\epsilon$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$   $\rightarrow$   $\epsilon$   $\rightarrow$   $1-\delta$

BPP  $(\frac{1}{2}-\epsilon, \frac{1}{2}+\epsilon) \rightarrow$  BPP  $(\frac{1}{2}, 1-\delta)$

$\frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \rightarrow O(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2})$

2  $\rightarrow O(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2})$

$\rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}$   $\rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}$

$\frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}$

1-333 3n א.א.א א.א.א א.א.א

$y \in \sum_{i=1}^m$

$x \in L \Rightarrow \Pr_y (M(x,y)=1) \geq \alpha$

$\rightarrow \alpha \geq 0.5 \Rightarrow M(x,y)$

$x \notin L \Rightarrow \Pr_y (M(x,y)=1) = 0$

א.א.א א.א.א  $\Rightarrow$  א.א.א (א.א.א  $\Rightarrow$  /  $\Leftarrow$ ) א.א.א א.א.א א.א.א

א.א.א א.א.א, א.א.א

$x \in L$

$\Pr_{x \in L} (M(x,y)=1) \leq (1-\alpha)^T \leq e^{-\alpha T} \leq \epsilon$

$T = O\left(\frac{\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}}{\alpha}\right)$

$\Pr_{x \notin L} (M(x,y)=1) \leq \Pr\left(\left|\sum_{i=1}^T X_i - \alpha T\right| \geq \alpha T\right) \leq \frac{V(x)}{(\alpha T)^2} = \frac{T \alpha (1-\alpha)}{(\alpha T)^2} \leq \frac{1}{\alpha T} \leq \epsilon$

$T = O\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon \alpha}\right)$

$(O, \frac{1}{n}) \rightarrow (O, \frac{1}{2})$

n א.א.א א.א.א א.א.א

א.א.א א.א.א	א.א.א א.א.א	
$O(n) = T$	$O(n \cdot m)$	$\rightarrow$ א.א.א
$T = O(n)$	$m = O(n^2 \cdot m)$	א.א.א " "

א.א.א א.א.א

$(O, \frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow (O, \frac{1}{2^n})$

n א.א.א א.א.א א.א.א

א.א.א א.א.א	א.א.א א.א.א	
$O(n^2)$	$O(n^2 \cdot m)$	$\rightarrow$ א.א.א
$O(2^n)$	$O(2^n \cdot m)$	א.א.א $\rightarrow$ א.א.א

א.א.א א.א.א - א.א.א א.א.א