

Fidelity

\mathcal{H} \mathcal{B} d.m. ρ_0, ρ_1 $|\psi\rangle$ 55362

ρ_0, ρ_1 ψ_0, ψ_1

$$F(\rho_0, \rho_1) \equiv \sup_{\substack{\psi_0 \in \text{supp } \rho_0 \\ \psi_1 \in \text{supp } \rho_1}} |\langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle|^2$$

(Ancilla)

$\mathcal{H} \otimes \mathcal{B}$ $\rho_0 \otimes |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|$ $\rho_1 \otimes |\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1|$ $\sup_{\psi_0, \psi_1} \langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle^2$

$$\text{Tr}_A |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0| = \rho_0 \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\text{Tr}_A |\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1| = \rho_1$$

$\mathcal{H} \otimes \mathcal{B}$ $\rho_0 \otimes |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|$ $\rho_1 \otimes |\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1|$ $\sup_{\psi_0, \psi_1} \langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle^2$ 6221

$\mathcal{H} \otimes \mathcal{B}$ $\rho_0 \otimes |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|$ $\rho_1 \otimes |\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1|$ 6221

$$|\langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle|^2 = F(\rho_0, \rho_1) \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

$\mathcal{H} \otimes \mathcal{B}$ ψ_0, ψ_1 $\psi_0 \in \text{supp } \rho_0, \psi_1 \in \text{supp } \rho_1$ 6221

$$\text{Tr}_A (|\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|) = \rho_0 \quad \text{Tr}_A (|\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1|) = \rho_1$$

$(I \otimes U) \psi_0 \rightarrow \psi_1$ \Leftrightarrow A ρ_0 $\rightarrow \rho_1$ U

$$\psi_1 = (I \otimes U) \psi_0$$

$$\text{Tr}_A (|\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1|) = \rho_1 = \text{Tr}_A (|\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|)$$

σ ψ $|\langle \psi_1 | \psi_0 \rangle|^2 = |\langle (I \otimes U) \psi_0 | \psi_0 \rangle|^2 = |\langle \psi_0 | \psi_0 \rangle|^2 = 1 = F(\rho_0, \rho_1)$

6221
①

$$F(P_0, P_1) = \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\| \sqrt{P_0} \sqrt{P_1} \|_{tr} + \text{tr} \sqrt{P_0 P_1} \right) \right]^2 \quad (\text{Uhlmann '90}) \quad \text{Goal}$$

alternatively $F(P_0, P_1) = f(P_0, P_1)$, $0 \leq f(P_0, P_1) \leq 1$ P_0, P_1 BC 1 Goal
 $F(P_0, P_0) = 1$ 2

$$F(P, \sigma) = \langle \psi | \sigma | \psi \rangle \quad \text{if } P = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| \quad \text{if } \sigma = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| \quad 3$$

$$F(P_0, P_1) = \langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle|^2 \quad \text{if } P_0 = |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|, P_1 = |\psi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1| \quad \text{if } \sigma = |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0| \quad 4$$

more = $1/2$ Goal

$$F(P, \sigma) = \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\text{tr} \sqrt{P \sigma} + \text{tr} \sqrt{P \sigma} \right) \right]^2 = \left[\text{tr} \sqrt{P \sigma} \right]^2$$

$$= \left[\text{tr} \sqrt{|\psi\rangle\langle\psi| \sigma} \right]^2 = |\langle \psi | \sigma | \psi \rangle| \cdot \left[\text{tr} \sqrt{|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|} \right]^2$$

$$= |\langle \psi | \sigma | \psi \rangle| = \langle \psi | \sigma | \psi \rangle$$

3 Goal

Fuchs & van de Graaf '99 : Goal

$$1 - \sqrt{F(P_0, P_1)} \leq \frac{1}{2} \| P_0 - P_1 \|_{tr} \leq \sqrt{1 - F(P_0, P_1)}$$

isep < B >

M → P, q b/s

$$F(P, Q) = F\left(\sum_{P_i} p_i |i\rangle\langle i|, \sum_{Q_j} q_j |i\rangle\langle i|\right)$$

$$\equiv \|\text{Tr}(\sqrt{\sqrt{P} P_2 \sqrt{P}})\|^2 = \text{Tr}(\sqrt{P_1 P_2})^2 = \left[\sum \sqrt{p_i q_i}\right]^2$$

where P_1, P_2

P1 b d P1, P2 b/c : Good

$$\|U A U^\dagger\|_{tr} = \|A\|_{tr}$$

$$F(P_1, P_2) = F(U P_1 U^\dagger, U P_2 U^\dagger)$$

1/0/0
P1
P2

$$\|P_1 - P_2\|_{tr} = \max_{\text{PVM } E_m} |E(P_1) - E(P_2)|_1$$

2
sub → used
P1, P2
PVM
fidelity

$$F(P_1, P_2) = \min_{\text{PVM } E} F(E(P_1), E(P_2))$$

(conv + PVM) → E - sup. ab. asojk b/c →

$$\|E P_1 - E P_2\|_{tr} \leq \|P_1 - P_2\|_{tr}$$

$$F(E P_1, E P_2) \geq F(P_1, P_2)$$

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4th ed

$$\sqrt{F\left(\sum p_i P_i, \sum q_i Q_i\right)} \geq \sum \sqrt{p_i q_i} \sqrt{F(P_i, Q_i)}$$

FA

⊙ ⊙

col flipping

$P = \gamma \sigma^x / c$

1. $\psi_A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [|0\rangle + |1\rangle]$ \rightarrow state A
 B: P flips \rightarrow qubit \rightarrow state

2. A: P flips \rightarrow state B

3. B: P flips \rightarrow state A
 state \rightarrow state

4. $\psi_A \rightarrow \psi_B$ \rightarrow state A \rightarrow state B

1. $P_0 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ \rightarrow state A \rightarrow state B

2. $P_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$P_0 + P_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\|P_0 - P_1\|_1 = 1$

$P_0 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\|P_0 - P_1\|_1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{1}$

... A, B, C

... A

... a ... A ... B ...

$$P = [1 \ 1 \ 1] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \underbrace{|\langle \psi_a, \psi_{-a} \rangle|^2}_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{5}{8}$$

\downarrow $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ \downarrow $\frac{1}{2}$ \downarrow $\frac{1}{2}$
 100 110 120 100 110 120 100 110 120

... A

$$\psi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} |2\rangle \right)$$

$$\psi = \frac{10+11}{110+121}$$

... A

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} |2\rangle$$

... B ... a ...

$$P = [1 \ 1 \ 1] = \frac{1}{2} |\langle \psi | \psi \rangle|^2 + \frac{1}{2} |\langle \psi | \psi \rangle|^2 = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{9}{4} \right] = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\langle \psi | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$$

⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨

$$P(\text{success}) \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

... A GP ...

... A ...

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi &\in \mathbb{R} \otimes \mathbb{R}^2 \otimes \mathbb{R}^2 \\ &= \mathbb{R} \otimes \mathbb{R}_A \otimes \mathbb{R}_B \end{aligned}$$

... GP ...

... B ...

... GP ...

... GP ...

... GP ...

$$\Psi_A = (U_A \otimes I) |\Psi\rangle$$

... GP ...

... GP ...

... GP ...

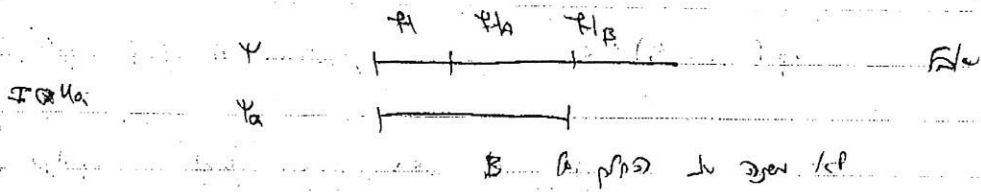
$$P^B \begin{bmatrix} B_{00} & B_{01} \\ B_{10} & B_{11} \end{bmatrix} = \langle \Psi_0 | T_{\Psi} (|\Psi_0\rangle \langle \Psi_0|) | \Psi_0 \rangle$$

$$P^B \begin{bmatrix} B_{00} & B_{01} \\ B_{10} & B_{11} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \langle \Psi_0 | T_{\Psi} (|\Psi_0\rangle \langle \Psi_0|) | \Psi_0 \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \langle \Psi_1 | T_{\Psi} (|\Psi_0\rangle \langle \Psi_0|) | \Psi_0 \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} F(|\Psi_0\rangle \langle \Psi_0|, \sigma_0) + \frac{1}{2} F(|\Psi_0\rangle \langle \Psi_0|, \sigma_1)$$

$$\text{... } \leq \frac{1}{2} F(T_{\Psi_A} |\Psi_0\rangle \langle \Psi_0|, T_{\Psi_A} \sigma_0) + \frac{1}{2} F(T_{\Psi_A} \rho_1, T_{\Psi_A} \sigma_1)$$

Ⓝ
Ⓜ
Ⓞ



$$T_{P_1} \sigma_0 = T_{P_1} \sigma_1 \quad \text{for}$$

$$\sigma_0 = \sigma_1 \quad \text{for}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [F(P_0, \sigma) + F(P_1, \sigma)]$$

$$P_1 = T_{P_1} \quad (M > Y:1)$$

$$\left(\frac{T_{P_1}}{N_0} \right) \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} [1 + \sqrt{F(P_0, P_1)}]$$

$$\sqrt{F(P_0, P_1)} = \|\sqrt{P_0} \sqrt{P_1}\|_{F_2} = \left\| \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{F_2} = \frac{1}{2} \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{F_2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Delta \quad \rho^* [0 \text{ sym } B] \leq \frac{1}{2} [1 + \frac{1}{2}] = \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{for}$$

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$\forall p_0, p_1, \sigma$

$$F(p_0, \sigma) + F(p_1, \sigma) \leq 1 + \sqrt{F(p_0, p_1)} \quad \text{mgl}$$

...
...
... (1) ...

...

$$F(p_0, p_1) = \min_{p_0, p_1 \in \mathcal{B}} F(p_0, p_1) \quad \text{for } p_0, p_1$$

$$p_0 = E(p_0), \quad p_1 = E(p_1), \quad q = E(\sigma) \quad \text{mgl}$$

$$1 + \sqrt{F(p_0, p_1)} = 1 + \sqrt{F(p_0, p_1)} \quad \text{mgl}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\geq F(p_0, q) + F(p_1, q) \\ &= F(E(p_0), E(\sigma)) + F(E(p_1), E(\sigma)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\geq F(p_0, \sigma) + F(p_1, \sigma)$$

1. 103

103, 104, 105 $P^{(1)}, P^{(2)}, q$ 13

$$1 + \sqrt{F(p^{(1)}, p^{(2)})} \geq F(p^{(1)}, q) + F(p^{(2)}, q)$$

$$1 + \sum_i \sqrt{p_i^{(1)} p_i^{(2)}} \geq \left(\sum_i \sqrt{p_i^{(1)} q_i} \right)^2 + \left(\sum_i \sqrt{p_i^{(2)} q_i} \right)^2$$

$$v^1 = (\sqrt{p_1^{(1)}}, \dots, \sqrt{p_n^{(1)}}) \quad \mu$$

$$v^2 = (\sqrt{p_1^{(2)}}, \dots, \sqrt{p_n^{(2)}})$$

103, 104, 105 $q = (\sqrt{q_1}, \dots, \sqrt{q_n})$

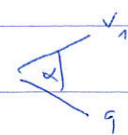
$$1 + \underbrace{\langle v^1, v^2 \rangle}_{\cos \theta} \stackrel{1}{\geq} \underbrace{|\langle v^1, q \rangle|^2}_{\cos^2 \alpha} + \underbrace{|\langle v^2, q \rangle|^2}_{\cos^2(\theta - \alpha)}$$



103

104, 105 q e v_1 v_2 v_1 v_2 v_1 v_2

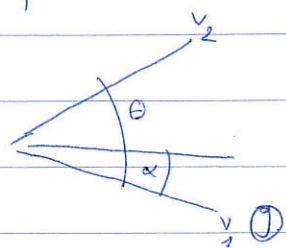
$$2 \cos \alpha = 2 \cos(\theta - \alpha) \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\theta}{2}$$



$$\cos \theta \geq \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2(\theta - \alpha)$$

$$\cos \theta \geq \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2(\theta - \alpha)$$

$$\cos \theta \geq \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2(\theta - \alpha)$$



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